# UMass IPM Extension Implementation Program





# Today's Agenda

01 Introductions

03 Team Updates 02 Project Overview

Jamboard Your thoughts



# Impt Acronyms

- USDA
- National Institute of Food and Agriculture (NIFA)
- Crop Protection and Pest Management (CPPM)
- Request for Proposals (RFP)



# CAPACITY vs. COMPETITIVE Funding

# A bit of history...

- Promote multi-state and multi-institutional collaborations for national research and extension "systems" to address complex, multidimensional, and regional challenges
- Support for research and extension activities at landgrant institutions through grants to states <u>on basis of</u> <u>statutory formulas</u>







# CAPACITY vs. COMPETITIVE Funding

- Must follow (strict) RFP guidelines
- 50+ Land Grant Institutions compete against each other
- Reviewed by panel to rank proposals
- \$10M allocated in FY22 based on ranking
- 3-year grant, maximum of \$900K

# OBJECTIVES OF EIP GRANTS



- Develop new strategies
- Improve current strategies
- Extend knowledge to stakeholders

Represent reasonable portion of institute's IPM programming



#### **Primary Priorities**

- Agronomic
- Animal Agriculture
- Communities
- Specialty Crops
- Pollinator Health

#### **Secondary Priorities**

- Pesticide Education
- Conservation Partnerships
- Diagnostics
- Housing, Public Health
- Recreational lands

# UMass EIP team addresses....



#### **Primary Priorities**

- Agronomic
- Animal Agriculture
- Communities
- Specialty Crops
- Pollinator Health

# UMass EIP grant

- Submitted March 2021
- Awarded \$817K
- Sep 1, 2021 Aug 31, 2024







# Vegetable

Sue Scheufele Genevieve Higgins Lisa McKeag Hannah Whitehead



# Fruit

Jaime Pinero Liz Garofalo Jon Clements Elsa Petit



# Cranberry

Hilary Sandler Katie Ghantous Marty Sylvia



## Cross 1-Commodity

Clem Clay Bill Miller Bernie Morzuch Ryan Wicks





## GOALS FOR IPM IN MA SPECIALTY CROPS!

**GOAL 1** 

Increase awareness and implementation of known sustainable IPM strategies among Specialty Crop growers and IPM practitioners

GOAL 2

Increase development and implementation of IPM practices via data sharing and participatory applied research and demonstrations GOAL 3

Develop capacity to address on-farm challenges and promote awareness & implementation of new & under-utilized IPM strategies &technologies



# As a Member of the Stakeholder Advisory Group....



Help
establish
IPM
priorities for
EIP team



Provide feedback for improvement of IPM research and outreach



Guide project activities, short- and long-term



Discuss
successes &
challenges of
IPM
implementation
in your work

Provide direction for FY24 EIP proposal development

## Your Commitment....

- Attend annual SAG meeting
- Engage in discussions, share your experience as a grower, researcher, IPM practitioner, Extension personnel
- Participate in evaluation surveys











#### **Team members:**

- Elizabeth Garofalo
- Elsa Petit
- Jon Clements
- Dan Cooley
- Duane Greene
- Jaime Piñero

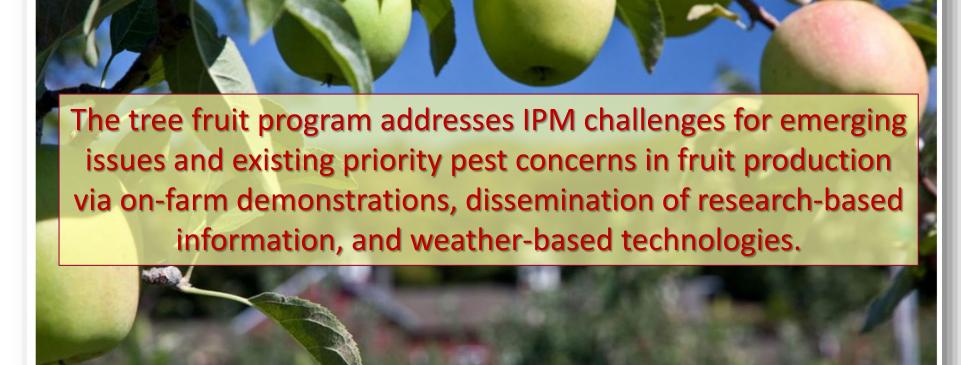


Center for Agriculture, Food, and the Environment

#### UMass Extension Fruit Program

**Home** About Publications Resources Services Research & Projects





News Events

#### NEWA 3.0 - what you need to know



If you have not looked at **NEWA (Network for Environment & Weather Applications, <a href="https://newa.cornell.edu/">https://newa.cornell.edu/</a>** since last year (or perhaps never?) you will notice a major change in the user interface now that NEWA 3.0 (as opposed to the 'old' NEWA or NEWA 2.0) is fully deployed. Here are some major enhancements and features you should know about to make NEWA more useful and user friendly. I call them my Top 10 NEWA Tips. Before I get to that though, a reminder NEWA is one decision support tool you can use and is not the final word. If in doubt, consult

your crop consultant, agrichemical sales person, or UMass Extension for further advice.

#### **Ouick Links**

Search CAFE

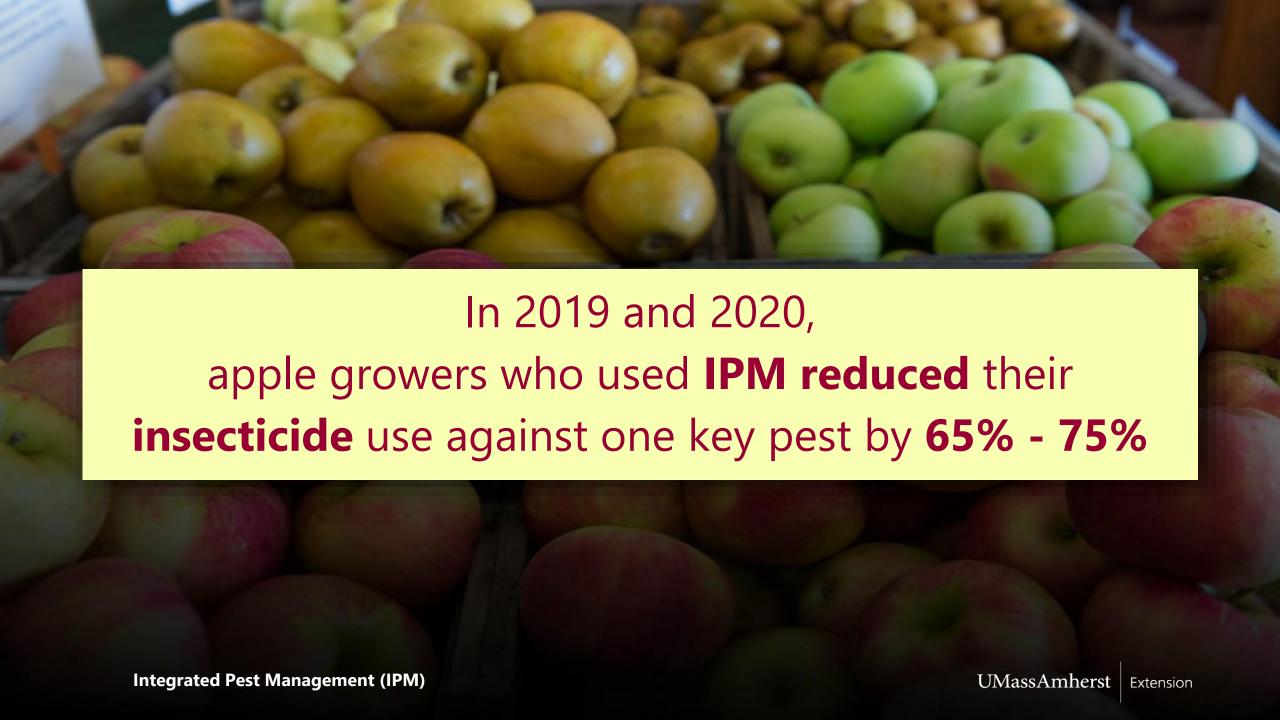
UMass IPM Fruit Loop - A Podcast®

Fact Sheets

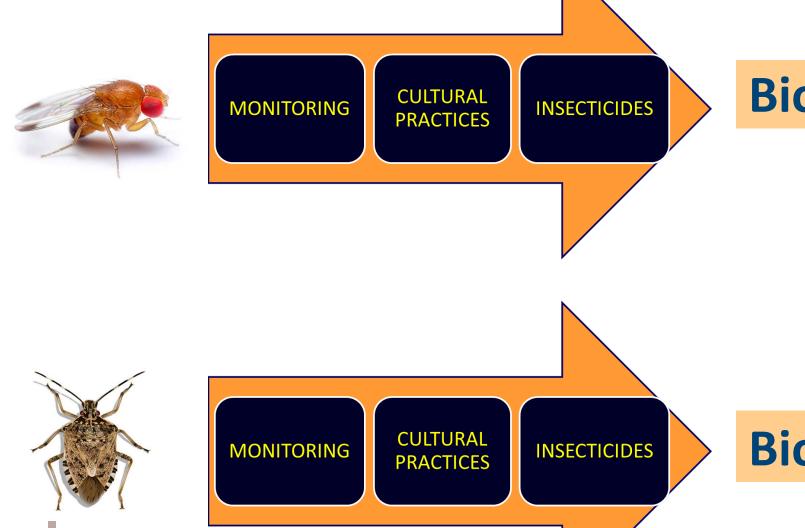
Spotted Wing Drosophila

Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

UMass Cold Spring Orchard @



### 1-2-3 Integrated Pest Management approach



### **Biological control**



**Biological control** 

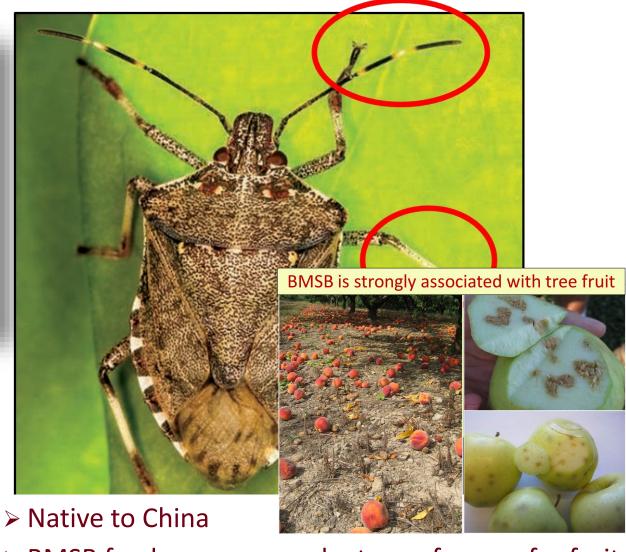


#### **Invasive Insect Pests Threatening Specialty Crops in Massachusetts**



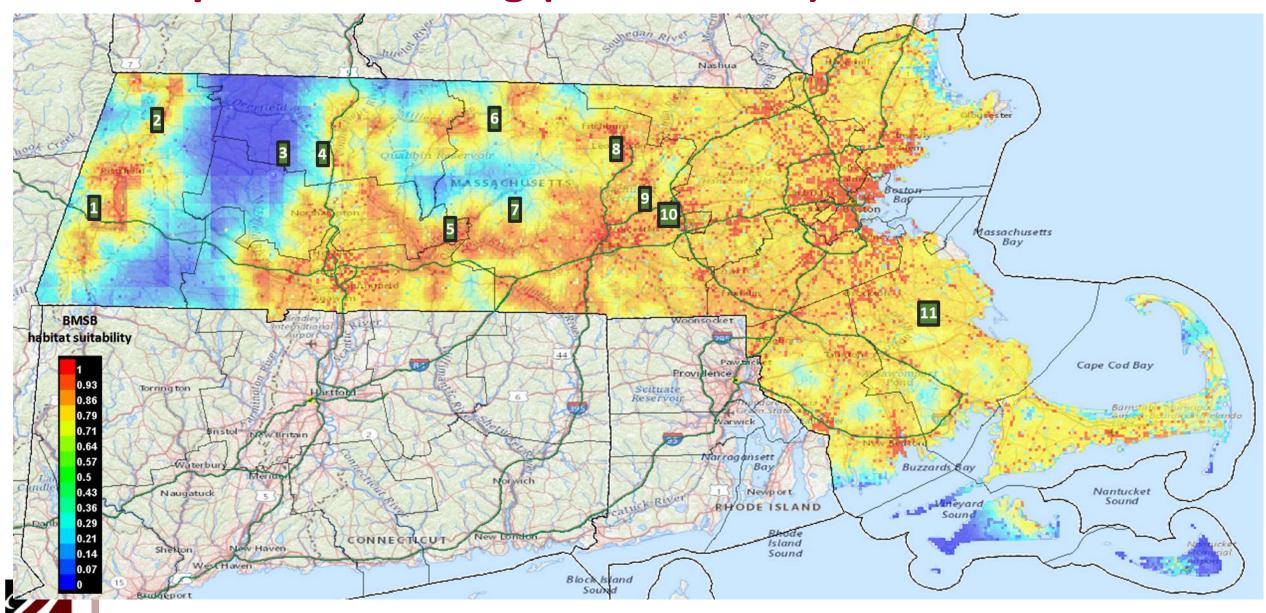
**PEST ALERT:** The MA Department of Agricultural Resources (MDAR) announced on September 28th, 2021, that an established population of SLF was detected in Worcester County, MA. This finding was confirmed by state officials.

- > Native to China
- > SLF feeds on a wide range of plants and trees (> 65 species): Tree of heaven, **grape**, willow, maple, poplar, *Prunus* spp. (plums, cherries, peaches, nectarines), apple



- > BMSB feeds on a many plants, preference for fruit
- ➤ Highest BMSB populations in MA: 2020
- > Very low populations recorded in 2021

### Invasive pest monitoring (2022 – 2024)



### Meet the Samurai Wasp (Trissolcus japonicus)





It made its way into the United States naturally around 2015. Currently detected in at least 14 U.S. states. Is it present in MA?











# **NEWA 3.0** Update

### Jon Clements

Massachusetts State **NEWA Coordinator** 



# 2020 NEWA AGRICULTURAL OUTREACH REPORT FOR MASSACHUSETTS

#### PROJECT LEADERS

Jon Clements, MA NEWA State Coordinator<sup>1</sup> and Dan Olmstead, NEWA Program Coordinator<sup>2</sup>

- UMass Extension. Amherst, MA. clements@umext.umass.edu
- NYS IPM Program, Cornell University, Geneva, NY

#### INTRODUCTION

The Network for Environment and Weather Applications (NEWA) is a collection of online insect pest and plant disease management tools build to provide MA growers with short-term crop risk assessments. Each tool or resource uses real-time weather data streamed from 52 weather stations across the state and can be accessed at <a href="http://newa.cornell.edu">http://newa.cornell.edu</a>. NEWA is made possible in MA through a partnership with UMass Extension and the New York State IPM Program at Cornell University.



#### **ANNUAL SITEWIDE USAGE SUMMARY FOR MASSACHUSETTS**

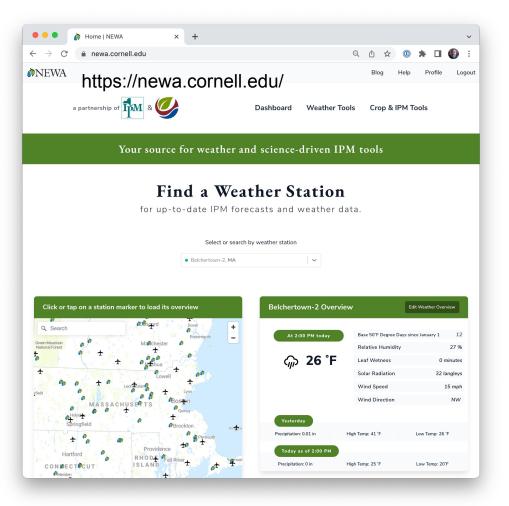
Year	Users	Returning users	<b>Contact hours</b>
2020	1181	203	256:30:44
2019	1220	217	226:59:05
2018	1186	221	226:25:03
2017	960	179	186:26:37

#### **APPLE RESOURCES**

Resource	Year	Users	Returning users	<b>Contact hours</b>
Apple Diseases	2020	215	65	45:48:34
	2019	172	63	34:55:45
	2018	130	48	36:29:08
	2017	117	53	33:09:31
Apple Insects	2020	101	46	16:53:26
	2019	76	39	12:03:05
	2018	62	29	15:13:34
	2017	56	30	15:12:44
Apple Carbohydrate Thinning	2020	69	37	19:58:58
	2019	56	33	13:15:47
	2018	34	24	06:20:11
	2017	35	23	06:26:16
Apple Irrigation	2020	17	10	03:08:47
3 st <del>3</del>	2019	17	10	03:15:09
	2018	15	10	03:15:09
	2017	13	8	01:32:23

#### **VEGETABLE RESOURCES**

Resource	Year	Users	Returning users	<b>Contact hours</b>
Cabbage Maggot	2020	28	10	03:21:04
	2019	30	12	04:47:17
	2018	23	10	05:50:59
	2017	30	8	04:39:58
Onion Diseases	2020	8	3	01:32:59
	2019	10	8	01:57:18
	2018	11	4	01:44:24
	2017	12	3	02:12:40
Onion Maggot	2020	19	7	02:45:37
<del>.</del>	2019	19	12	02:54:45
	2018	24	6	05:03:41
	2017	22	7	03:36:45
Potato Diseases	2020	5	2	01:00:35
	2019	4	3	00:45:53
	2018	12	5	00:57:56
	2017	6	1	00:56:03
Tomato Diseases	2020	21	10	03:23:41
	2019	22	11	02:44:00
	2018	44	16	06:33:43
	2017	38	11	05:21:44



#### NEWA 3.0 - what you need to know



If you have not looked at **NEWA** (**Network for Environment & Weather Applications**, <a href="https://newa.cornell.edu/">https://newa.cornell.edu/</a> since last year (or perhaps never?) you will notice a major change in the user interface now that NEWA 3.0 (as opposed to the 'old' NEWA or NEWA 2.0) is fully deployed. Here are some major enhancements and features you should know about to make NEWA more useful and user friendly. I

call them my Top 10 NEWA Tips. Before I get to that though, a reminder NEWA is one decision support tool you can use and is not the final word. If in doubt, consult your crop consultant, agrichemical sales person, or UMass Extension for further advice.

Read more »

#### **NEWA 3.0 Tutorial - Online Workshop**



NEWA 3.0 Tutorial - Online Workshop February 7, 2022, 9am—12:30pm

The new NEWA 3.0 system is online (<a href="https://newa.cornell.edu/">https://newa.cornell.edu/</a>, and 2022 will be the first year when you will not be able to use the old version. If you have not yet looked at the new website, or if you have looked at it but weren't sure how to best use it, the

"NEWA 3.0 Tutorial Online Workshop" is perfect for you.

 $Register now: \underline{https://cornell.zoom.us/meeting/register/tJlldempqjoqH9DBksZXqKQ\_B3epoAHmT64Particles Aller (Aller Market Mark$ 

NEWA 3.0 Tutorial Flyer

#### 2022 Mass Aggie Seminars Announced!



Mass Aggie Fruit Seminars available to the public!
Read more »

#### **Quick Links**

UMass IPM Fruit Loop - A Podcast<sup>®</sup>

Fact Sheets

Spotted Wing Drosophila

Brown Marmorated Stink Bug

UMass Cold Spring Orchard @

Northeast Extension Fruit Consortium

New England Wine Grape Growers Resource Center

#### Fruit Program Sponsors









#### Challenges...

Weather station maintenance and repairs (including replacing aging stations)

NEWA 3.0 education - how to use, increase adoption (grape, vegetable crop IPM tools?), survey usage and outcomes

Who's going to take over when I retire in a few years?

Thanks to eIP for funding, including annual fee of \$1,750 and weather station repair and maintenance, but not my time! :-)

This work was supported in part by funding provided by USDA NIFA Extension Implementation Program, Award No. 2021-70006-35388

Stockbridge School of Agriculture

# Grapes

Elsa Petit
epetit@umass.edu



To email me, point your phone to the code while on camera but do not take the picture.

1. Increase awareness and implementation of known sustainable IPM strategies among specialty crop growers and IPM practitioners.

■ Newsletter Grape Notes sent 1 to 4 times a month to grape growers about seasonal practices, new research, seminars includes IPM

■ 3 zoom meetings with grape growers during the growing season to cover each one disease and its IPM practice (May-June-July 2023)

■ 2 Fruit Notes articles on research results on disease resistance and organic trials

1. Increase awareness and implementation of known sustainable IPM strategies among specialty crop growers and IPM practitioners.

- Talk on sustainable viticulture
- Vitinord 2022
- International Viticulture & Enology conference that happens every three years. Since 2006, VitiNord has taken place every three years, alternating between sites in Europe and North America.
- Dec 5-7 2022



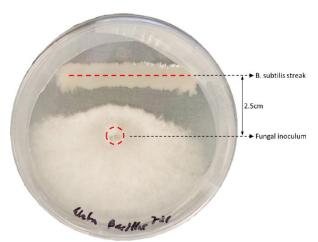
#### 2. Increase development and implementation of IPM practices via data sharing and participatory applied research and demonstrations

- A. Trials on biofungicide efficacy
- **❖** Against downy mildew:
- Products to evaluate: Stargus (Bacillus amyloliquefaciens) versus Stargus/Regalia (Reynoutria sachalinensis) tank mixes to complement a program at the end and start of the growing season
- Timeline: June –August 2022
- Partners: Marrone, Varietal plot at Cold Spring
- ❖ Against trunk diseases: collaborators are evaluating potential fungicides in vitro



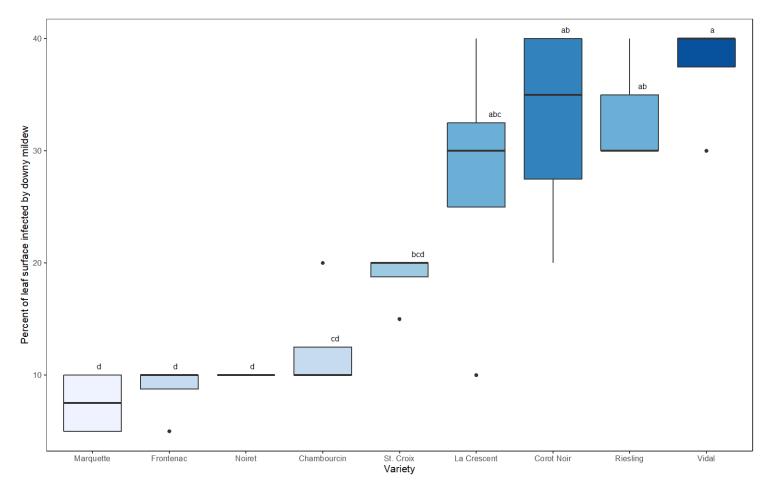






### 2. Increase development and implementation of IPM practices via data sharing and participatory applied research and demonstrations

- Evaluation of downy mildew resistance in new grape varieties of emerging interest
- Experiment: Add 2-3 new grape varieties to our varietal plot in Cold Spring
- Timeline: Survey to growers in Spring, Planting in Fall
- Partners: NE1720 Multistate project, Cornell, University of Minnesota



Evaluation of downy mildew susceptibility in September 2021

#### Education

- Veg Notes
  - Weekly for 2,800 growers, gardeners and ag service providers
  - PestCast?
- Twilight Meetings
- Field Days on Research
- Presentations and Workshops
- New England Veg & Fruit Conf



#### *Implementation*

- Grower inquiries
  - Email, text, and phone calls
- Pest Scouting Network
  - 11 farms scouted by 2 students
- Mentor Farms
  - Receive IPM planning and scouting training bi-weekly
    - Bardwell Farm, Hatfield (25 acres)
    - Blossoming Acres, Southwick (85 acres)
    - Nuestras Raices, Holyoke
    - Riquezas del Campo, Northampton
    - Flats Mentor Farm, Lancaster
- Pest Monitoring Network
  - Traps at 17 locations
  - Sweet corn, cucurbit pests



#### Climate change

- In our day-to-day work with growers
- Lisa serving as UVM Climate Fellow
- Focus of workshops: irrigation efficiency, soil health, reduced-tillage





#### Pollinator Health

- Survey
- Demonstration project on pollinator habitat for Northeast farms
- Articles about pollinator health in Veg Notes
- 2 pollinator workshops planned for summer 2022



#### Goal 2: Applied Research

- Downy mildew-resistant cucumbers
- Bacterial wilt control in cucumber
- Organic pesticide efficacy
  - Cercospora leaf spot in Swiss Chard
  - Alternaria in brassicas
- Water Testing for Food Safety
- Sprayer technology to reduce drift??
- Wireworm control in sweet potato?
- Cover cropping in high tunnels to reduce damping off in spinach??







#### Goal 3

- Include cost-benefit of different treatments in research projects
- Learn from drone team about possible applications for veg growers
- Evaluation tools
- Assist with hiring new positions e.g. urban ag, weed science, soil science
- Assist with experimental design for dual-use solar



#### Grower JamBoard Feedback:

Pest Management Challenges	Research and Education Priorities	Services and Assistance	Other
bacterial diseases	small fruit extension	small fruit extension	succession planning and aging grower population
balacing cultural pest control techniques with no-/reduced-till practices	plantings to support pollinators	climate resiliency	labor
biocontrol in spinach tunnels	biocontrols - education and use in apples	tools - signage to help educate the consumer about IPM	pestcast yes!
biopesticides in apple	on-farm compost production	sprayer calibration	new venue for NEVFC-bigger and more central
brassica head rot	organic fertilizers - comparing nutrient availability and incorporating organic fertilizers into soil lab recommendations	helping farmers with pesticide certification and safety	disconnect between extension and industry- chem reps
cover crops	effects of no-/reduced-tillage on soil health and soil biodiveristy	help with ID and management of new pests as related to climate change	we need a new venue for the December meetings. Something larger and centrally located
cranberry weevil	organic pesticide efficacy vs cost	video recordings of field days and farm tours for people located far away	Gary Gemme: would use drones for veg scouting and checking far-away fields
deers	climate change adaptation, esp increased rainfall	on-farm scouting and disease sampling (with processing at lab)	
efficacy of organic pesticides	new technology for reduced labor and inputs		
electric fencing	no-/reduced-tillage equipment and strategies		
FIRE BLIGHT - to prune out or not to prune out. Best solution to prevent in the first place.	disease-resistant variety trials for disease- prone veg (field and HT tomatoes, heading brassicas)		
fruit rots	Tile drainage - research, feasibility, grant opportunities		
managing cover crop residues and weeds in reduced tillage systems	beneficial insect control for unheated high tunnels in spring spinach - gap between parasitoid wasps being effective and begin warm enough for ladybeetles		
occassionally, confliction information about pest ID/management on umass website			
organic CPB control			
organic CFB control			
pesticide resistance			
rabbits (fruit trees)			
red winged blackbirds			
soil microbiology and disease			
SWD in raspberries - new trends in			
management?			
voles			
weed management			
weed management strategies in no-/reduced-till			
what to do when deer have eaten all the buds prune branch completely off or leave.			